

THE CLIMAX

VOLUME I.

RICHMOND, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1888.

NUMBER 52.

Print Shows through

RICHMOND BUILDING AND LOAN CORPORATION.

CHAPMAN, 1407.
To incorporate the Richmond
and Loan Corporation.

Approved by the General Assembly
of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

A. That Green B. Million,
Payntz, W. G. White, A. W.
Hargis, Thomas Thorpe, Stephen
Parfiss and Harry Parfiss, their
successors and assigns, he
and they are hereby constituted
as the "Richmond Building and
Loan Corporation," with full powers to
grant and to contract, plead and be im-
pleaded; and shall have perpetual
power to have and use a common
seal, which may be changed at pleasure,
and may acquire and hold personal
property and hold improved and un-
improved real estate, sell and convey
the same and shall possess such other
rights as are consistent with the
purposes of this corporation; and adopt
constitutions and such by-laws as
are necessary for the government
of the corporation and inconsistent
with the laws of this State or of the
United States.

Sec. 2. The officers of the corporation
shall be a President, a Vice-President,
Secretary, a Treasurer, and such
other subordinate officers as may be
deemed necessary. And there shall be
elected a Board of Directors in
number as may be provided by the
constitution, to consist of not more
than nine stock-holders, whose duty
shall be to semi-annually in-
vestigate the books, contracts, sales
and property of the corporation, and
report same to the Corporation by
dated circulars or by a full statement
published in some newspaper in Rich-
mond, Ky. No person shall be eligible
to be a Director who is not a stock-holder
of the amount of seven shares of stock,
Sec. 3. The Capital Stock shall be
one hundred thousand dollars, divided
into ten thousand shares of one hun-
dred dollars each, with a privilege of in-
creasing the Capital by a vote of the
majority of the stock-holders—those
holding two-thirds of the paid in cap-
ital—a regular or special meeting
any sum not exceeding five hun-
dred thousand dollars. The stock
holders shall pay in weekly install-
ments of fifty cents, or a less amount
per week, for each share of stock sub-
mitted, until said installment shall
amount to the sum of one hundred
dollars for each share, as may be pre-
scribed by the Constitution, and when
the full sum of one hundred dollars
shall have been paid in on a share of
stock, a certificate to that effect may be
issued and delivered to the stock-hold-
er, naming such share or shares.

Sec. 4. The corporators above named
in a majority thereof, shall open
books for the subscription of said stock
and may adopt so far as it has pro-
vided, the subscription of said stock
as a participation of this act, and when
one hundred shares shall be sub-
scribed in good faith, said Corpora-
tion may go into operation and conduct its
business in conformity to the pro-
visions of this act. It accords
with such plans as may be
adopted in its construction, which
plan when adopted, shall not be
changed or altered. The stock shall
be transferable or hypothecated on
the books of the Corporation as may be
provided in its constitution.

Sec. 5. As soon as practicable, after
the association is ready to go into
operation, as hereinafter provided, the
corporators aforesaid, or a majority
of them, shall call a meeting of the
stock-holders, giving reasonable notice
of time and place of meeting for the
adoption of a constitution and by-
laws, and for the election of officers
and board of directors, who shall serve
one year and until their successors
are elected and qualified. Annually
hereafter at such place as may be fixed
by the by-laws the officers shall be
elected. After the second annual elec-
tion, the board of directors shall have
full power to amend and adopt all by-
laws necessary for conducting the busi-
ness of the Corporation as may be
provided in the constitution.

Sec. 6. The corporation may pro-
vide in its by-laws or constitution what
sums shall attach for failure to
pay instalments of stock at the time
and place fixed therefor, and it shall
have full power to enforce such pen-
alties, whether the same shall be by fine
or forfeiture of such stock. It may
also provide upon what terms stock
holders shall be liable for failure to
pay instalments of stock at the time
and place fixed therefor, and it shall
have full power to enforce such pen-
alties as may be prescribed in the by-laws
or constitution.

Sec. 7. The President may call the
board to meet him at any time to
advise upon matters and business of
the Corporation. The Secretary shall
attend all general and special meetings
called and receipt for all money due
and instalments of stock paid to the
Corporation, and shall each week pay
same over to the Treasurer, whose duty
shall be to receive and hold such
sums and pay them out only on the
orders of the Corporation duly signed
by the Secretary and attested by the
President.

Sec. 8. The Corporation shall require
the Secretary and Treasurer good
and sufficient bond for the faithful
performance of their duties, and for the
payment of all moneys belonging to
said Corporation that may come to
their hands. The Corporation has the
right to prescribe in its by-laws the
sums not herein prescribed of all its
officers, and when of them, if any,
shall be paid a salary, and the amount
of the same. In the selection of said
officers, stock-holders shall not be liable for
the debt or liabilities of the Corporation.

Sec. 9. The Corporation shall have
the right to prescribe in its by-laws the
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officers, and when of them, if any,
shall be paid a salary, and the amount
of the same. In the selection of said
officers, stock-holders shall not be liable for
the debt or liabilities of the Corporation.

Sec. 10. The object of the Corpo-
ration is to enable its members to acquire
homes and other property by their
savings and accumulations, and to
preserve such savings and secure
the benefits of the savings thereof. It
may receive deposits in such sums and
at such times and on such terms as it
may provide in its constitution, and
may make loans at my rate of interest
not exceeding eight per cent, and on
such terms as the Corporation may pre-
scribe in the constitution or by-laws. It
shall have the power to sell, transfer or
assign any mortgage or lien note it
may hold as a bond of directors or
proprietors, and it may buy and dis-
count promissory notes secured by
mortgage as provided in section nine
of this act.

Sec. 11. In the election of officers and
in the transaction of business, where a
stock-holder is entitled to a vote, each
shall be entitled to one vote for each
share of stock he may hold up to the
number of twenty shares. Minors
under eighteen years may vote by
their guardians. The Corporation may
regulate the method of voting by proxy
in its constitution. A quorum of stock
holders meeting shall be as may be
prescribed in the Constitution.

Sec. 12. Married women may take
stock and make deposits in said Cor-
poration and their receipts for the
same shall be valid to the same extent
as if they were unmarried, and they
shall have the right to sell and transfer
same without the intervention of their
husbands, and the same shall be free
from the debts and control of their
husbands, and treated in every respect
as their separate property. Minors
may take stock and make deposits in
the Corporation, and their orders or
receipts for the same shall be valid
without the intervention of their
parents or guardian.

Sec. 13. It shall be the duty of the
Secretary in January of each year to
pay to the Auditor of Public accounts
the sum of seventy-five cents on each
one hundred dollars of the paid up
capital stock of the Corporation, and
this shall be in full of all State taxes.
But the capital stock of the corporation
shall be liable for county taxes.

Sec. 14. The President and board of
directors may designate which of the
National Banks in Richmond may be
used as the depository for the funds of
the Corporation and may change the
same in its constitution.

Sec. 15. In addition to the mortg-
age or other lien or security which may
be given by a stockholder, or a majority
of them, shall call a meeting of the
stock-holders, giving reasonable notice
of time and place of meeting for the
adoption of a constitution and by-
laws, and for the election of officers
and board of directors, who shall serve
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ness of the Corporation as may be
provided in the constitution.

Sec. 16. The Corporation may elect
or employ an attorney-at-law to advise
with the corporate officers and
directors in the discharge of their duties.
Any employment or election shall be
prescribed in the constitution, which
shall also define his duties. No loan
shall be made on any real estate, or
deeds accepted to any, or payment
made thereon until the title thereto
has been examined and abstract
thereof certified by the Attorney
of the state. The board of directors
is authorized to invest from time to
time, any part of the money of the
Corporation that may be on hand in
excess of the amount required for the
time for loan and retirement of
stock in banks or bonds of any kind,
and may loan any part of its funds to
stock-holders upon the security of their
stock as collateral to secure the
payment of such loan and may loan any
part of its funds to persons not stock-
holders upon such terms and conditions
as may be prescribed in the by-laws
or constitution.

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Sec. 19. The Corporation shall have
the right to prescribe in its by-laws the
sums not herein prescribed of all its
officers, and when of them, if any,
shall be paid a salary, and the amount
of the same. In the selection of said
officers, stock-holders shall not be liable for
the debt or liabilities of the Corporation.

Sec. 20. After the first election
of the President and Secretary
against the delinquency and
negligence thereof in any court of
law, having jurisdiction, may offer
or pay over all money or
in his hands—let me

into his hands, belonging to the Cor-
poration, shall be guilty of embez-
zlement and punished as is now provided
by law.

Sec. 21. The Corporation shall have
the right to sell and convey any real
estate owned by it, by deed signed and
acknowledged by the President and
Secretary, but no sale or purchase of
real estate shall be made without the
advice and consent of a majority of the
board of directors. It may take the
written obligations of purchasers to
pay the purchase money by instal-
ments or otherwise as may be pres-
cribed by the by-laws. To lend its funds
upon such terms and conditions as
may prescribe, and each loan shall be
secured by first mortgage or lien to
said Corporation on unencumbered
real estate, the margin of value to be
fixed by the Constitution. The board
of directors have the power to make
such mortgages or conveyances as
they see fit, and they may be im-
pacted, and shall have perpetual
power to have and use a common
seal, which may be changed at pleasure,
and may acquire and hold personal
property and hold improved and un-
improved real estate, sell and convey
the same and shall possess such other
rights as are consistent with the
purposes of this corporation; and adopt
constitutions and such by-laws as
are necessary for the government
of the corporation and inconsistent
with the laws of this State or of the
United States.

Sec. 22. This act shall take effect
from its passage. Approved May 1st, 1888.

S. B. BUCKNER,
By the Governor.

GEO. M. ADAMS,
Secretary of State.

REN JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

J. W. BRYAN,
Speaker of the Senate.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
Collier of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

J. George M. Adams, Secretary of
State for the Commonwealth of Kentucky,
do hereby certify that the foregoing
writing has been carefully compared by
me with the original on file in this
office, whereof it purports to be a copy
and that it is a true and exact copy
of the same.

[L.S.] In testimony whereof, I do sign my name and
cause my Official Seal to be affixed.
At Frankfort, this 22nd day
of May, A. D. 1888.

GEO. M. ADAMS,
Secretary of State.

By Willis L. Ringer,
Assistant Secretary of State.

WHAT ARE "PURE BATES CATTLE."

Col. Mohrley Comments on a Recent
Definition.

The Breeder's Gazette.

There are three ways of determining
matters of great importance: First
by personal experience and observa-
tion; second, by the testimony of com-
petent witnesses; and third, by
historical facts as chronicled by emi-
nent authority whose opportunities for
knowing can not be gainsaid. So
it will be well taken did they trace "directly
and collaterally" to any one of Mr.
Bates' families, which is not true and which
will not be claimed. Furthermore,
for the benefit of the public and in behalf of
the writer of the article taken from the *Mr. Sterling Gazette*,
I do not believe that the Bates cattle contain
only the unblended purity of Mr.
Bates' breeding, which point might
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frames, which makes a perfect job in
every particular.

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Gold Watch ever made are sell-
ing in our Co-operative Clubs.

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Convenient, and Most Reliable
Watch in the World.

The watches are absolutely
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CLIMAX PRINTING CO.

FRENCH TIPTON, WM. G. WHITE, EDITORS.

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WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1888.

Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GROVER CLEVELAND,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
ALLAN G. THURMAN,
OF OHIO.

FOR SHERIFF,
J. W. BALES.

FOR CONSTABLE,
T. B. AYRES.

CLEVELAND AND THURMAN.

The Democrats in National Convention nominated Grover Cleveland, of New York, for President and Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio, for vice President. The Democratic politicians and newspapers all the country over say it is a strong ticket—the strongest ticket that could have been made. The foreign press regard it as a grand ticket. We present the platform elsewhere in this issue. It is a document worth reading and studying. The combination means four years more of Democratic rule.

WATTESON AND THE PLATFORM.

Hon. Henry Watterson was serenaded on his return from the National Democratic Convention and responded at some length. Among other things he said:

"Gentlemen, I went to the Convention with the single purpose to urge that the line of battle should be drawn on the message of the President and the position of our friends in Congress.

I met there a formidable array in favor of limiting one plan of campaign to a simple re-affirmation of the platform of 1884, and a general endorsement of the Administration. There was, from first to last, no other issue raised.

It is true that I helped make the platform of 1884.

It is true that I spoke for it in the National Convention of that year. It is true that for four years I have put upon it a construction which I thought to be justified by the plain letter of its meaning. But it is also true that the country accepted it as a straddle, and that this interpretation had stereotyped itself upon the public mind.

Merely to reiterate it, therefore, was to lose all that we have since gained; to traverse a policy which, in Congress at least, has brought us union where there were only divisions; to surrender an entrenched position and to fly the field in the face of the enemy. I could not consent to this.

But it is not true that I proposed any advice.

On the contrary, I agreed to take the platform submitted by Mr. Scott and Mr. Gorman, word for word, if they would agree to strike out the first clause, which, without any qualification whatever, reaffirmed the Platform of 1884. There was no other difference between us—none at all; and, whilst they made their argument with extraordinary earnestness, plausibility and power, I am bound to say that the transfer also to the Democracy of the entire legislative power.

The Republican party, controlling the Senate, and resisting in both houses of Congress a reformation of unjust and unequal tax laws, which have costed the necessities of war, and which are now undermining the abundance of a long peace, deny to the people equality before the law, and that fairness and justice which is right. The cry of American labor, for a better share in the fruits of industry, is stammered with false pretenses, enterprise is fettered and bound down to home markets, and is disengaged with doubt, and unequal and unjust laws that cannot be properly amended nor repealed.

Upon the record thus exhibited, and upon the pledge of a continuance to the people of the benefits of it, the national Democracy invokes a renewal of popular trust by the re-election of a Chief Magistrate who has been faithful and prudent. They invoke, in addition to that trust, the transfer also to the Democracy of the entire legislative power.

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The greatest anxiety to learn the news from St. Louis was manifested.

The president had a special wire placed in his office, and was constantly informed of the progress of affairs.

The Democrats generally expressed themselves as pleased with the result, and made about as much noise over the nomination as if they were to have a voice in the election. About three hundred of the most enthusiastic gathered in the Monmouth grounds and a salute of one hundred guns was fired in honor of the occasion.

The Democratic party will continue with all the power confided to it, the struggle to reform these laws, in accordance with the pledges of its last platform, indorsed at the ballot-box by the suffrages of the people. Of all the industrious freemen of our land, the immense majority, including every tiller of the soil, gain no advantage from the excessive tax laws, though the price of nearly everything they buy is increased by the favoritism of an unequal system of tax legislation.

All unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation.

It is repugnant to the creed of Democracy that by such taxation the cost of the necessities of life should be unjustifiably increased to all our people. Judged by Democratic principles the interests of the people are betrayed when, by unnecessary taxation, trusts and combinations are permitted to exist which, while unduly enriching the few that combine, rob the body of citizens, by depriving them of the benefit of natural competition.

Every Democratic rule of governmental action is violated when, through unnecessary taxation, a vast sum of money, far beyond the needs of an economical administration is drawn from the people and the channels of trade, and accumulated a demoralizing surplus in the National treasury. The money now lying idle in the Federal Treasury, resulting from unnecessary taxation, amounts to more than \$125,000,000; and the sum collected is reaching the sum of more than \$60,000,000 annually.

Debated by the imminent temptation the remedy of the Republican party to meet and exceed by extravagant appropriations and expense, whether constitutional or not, the accumulation of extravagant taxation.

The Democratic policy is to enforce frugality in public expenses by abolishing unnecessary taxation.

There has been a constant high pressure of politeness about Richmond for two years. Now for a season there will be a constant low pressure of stay-at-homeheads.

Our established domestic industries

selves at the head of the movement and push it through. The menace, like the chimera of the Rebel Brigadiers, is a fragment of sectional and partisan maneuverage got up by the Republicans for campaign purposes.

THE PLATFOM.

The Democratic party of the United States, in National Convention assembled, renews the pledge of its fidelity to Democratic faith and reaffirms the platform adopted by its representatives in the convention of 1884, and endorses the views expressed by President Cleveland in his last annual message to Congress as the correct interpretation of that platform, on the question of tariff reduction; and also endorses the efforts of our Democratic representatives in Congress to secure a reduction of protective taxation.

Chief among its principles is the maintenance of an independent union of free and independent States, now almost attained after a century of unexampled progress and renown; devotion to a plan of government strictly specifying granted power and expressly reserving to the States or people the entire ungranted residue of power; the encouragement of a jealous, popular vigilance, directed to all who have been chosen for brief terms to enact and execute the laws, and who are charged with the duty of preserving peace, insuring equality and establishing justice.

The Democratic party welcomes an exacting scrutiny of the administration of the executive power which four years ago was committed to its trust in the election of Grover Cleveland President of the United States, and it challenges the most searching inquiry concerning its fidelity and devotion to the pledges which then invited the affections of the people.

During the most critical period of our financial affairs, resulting from over-taxation, the anomalous condition of our currency, and a public debt unmatured, it has, by the adoption of a wise and conservative course, only averted a disaster, but greatly promoted the prosperity of the people.

It has reversed the improvident and unwise policy of the public domain, and has reclaimed from corporations and syndicates, alien and domestic, and restored to the people, the land which was once a gift from the State. This would seem to a clear mind that he was receiving indemnity that meant something. That it means he is to be well conversant with the truth about the matter to make so comparatively forcible statement. His vote did not come alone from his immediate neighborhood. It can not be old friendship countervail simply giving him a compliment and would be for some one else for Governor. It is well enough in making up this tilt of opposition. Ex-Senator Harris has made a good Representative in the higher State Legislature, but we see him simply seeking this means to show their appreciation of his record? His record is a good one. He has asked for nothing as yet may be called the earnest of the event which may elevate his nomination. Madison county played a very prominent part in the proceedings and was not found wanting when the motions and the work was needed.

If there could be such a thing it might be considered in proper taste to surprise the nominalists already of Mr. Harris for Governor.

While carefully guarding the interest of the taxpayers and conforming strictly to the principles of justice and equity, it has paid out more penalties and troubles to the soldiers and sailors of the Republic, than was ever paid before during an equal period.

It has adopted and persistently pursued a firm and prudent foreign policy, bringing peace with all nations, while scrupulously maintaining alike rights and protecting the interests of our own Government at home and abroad.

The exclusion from our shores of Chinese laborers has been effectually secured under the provisions of a treaty, the operation of which has been postponed by the action of a Republican majority in the Senate.

Honest reform in the civil service has been inaugurated and maintained by President Cleveland, and he has brought the public service to the highest standard of efficiency, not only to suit any present, but by the example of like own untried and unselfish administration of public affairs.

In every branch of the department of the Government under Democratic control, the rights and the welfare of all the people have been guarded and defended; every public interest has been protected, and the equality of all our citizens before the law without regard to race or color has been steadfastly maintained.

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Our established domestic industries

and enterprises should, and need not be, endangered by the reduction and correction of the burden of taxation. On the contrary a fair and careful revision of our tax laws, with due allowance for the difference between the wages of Americans and foreign labor, must promote and encourage every branch of such industries and enterprises, by giving them assurance of an extended market, and study and continuous operations, in the interest of American labor, which should in no event be elected. The revision of our tax laws contemplated by the Democratic party should promote the advantage of such labor, by cheapening the cost of the necessities of life in the home of every workman, and at the same time securing to him steady and remunerative employment.

A croquet epidemic has struck the place. The principal advantage seems to be that the chief players eat only twice a day—not stopping for dinner.

The Baptist church expects its new organ by the 16th. Miss Nettie Pond, of Kirkville, is expected to lead.

STATION CAMP. (FENTON COUNTY.)

John P. Scrivener, a prominent citizen of this locality, died suddenly of heart disease on Monday morning, June 4th.

UNION CITY.

A croquet epidemic has struck the place. The principal advantage seems to be that the chief players eat only twice a day—not stopping for dinner.

The Baptist church expects its new organ by the 16th. Miss Nettie Pond, of Kirkville, is expected to lead.

PERKINS.

Born, June 2nd, to the wife of Jno. B. Heathman, a daughter.

The farmers who are going to raise tobacco in this vicinity have got some of their crop transplanted, but the cut-worms have been ruinous.

Quite a large crowd at Bethel Christian Church the fourth Sunday. Rev. Cunningham officiates. James Sanders preaches at the same place the second Sunday. Rev. Channing will preach there the fourth Saturday night preceding. Rev. J. N. Iso preached at Sycamore Methodist Church the second Sunday and at Forest Hill on Saturday night before. County Evangelist, O. W. Young, preached at Antioch the first Sunday in June to a large congregation.

HARRIS AND THE GOVERNORSHIP.

(Mayville Democrat.)

Ex-Senator John D. Harris received a large number of votes in the Democratic State Convention at Lexington and he was chosen as one of the delegates-at-large from the State. This would seem to a clear mind that he was receiving indemnity that meant something. That it means he is to be well conversant with the truth about the matter to make so comparatively forcible statement. His vote did not come alone from his immediate neighborhood. It can not be old friendship countervail simply giving him a compliment and would be for some one else for Governor. It is well enough in making up this tilt of opposition.

Rev. H. C. Morrison, the eminent Methodist Divine, and Miss Laura Bain, daughter of George W. Bain, the celebrated evangelistic orator, will be united in marriage June 20th. The couple became well acquainted while Mr. Morrison was holding meetings in Paris. We met Miss Laura at the concerts Saturday and church Sunday, at Lexington, and she, with good sense, quickly acknowledged the papers were right for once. Two more lovely people never were mated. Paris Kentuckian-Citizen.

COUNTERFEITING A BAKING POWDER.

The classic English Derby run at Epsom was won by the favorite, the Duke of Portland's bay colt Ayestire. Macbeth did not start.

The Buxton Trotting Club at Paris, June 14th and 15th. Friday, 2:30 p.m.; Saturday, 2:30, first horses \$100, second \$80, third \$60, fourth \$50, second day \$125, first horses \$120, second \$100, third \$80, fourth \$60. Races called at 1 o'clock sharp. Reduced rates on K. C. R. Admission 20 cents; ladies and children 25 cents. Quarter stretch \$1.

CONCERNING FARMERS.

The classic English Derby run at Epsom was won by the favorite, the Duke of Portland's bay colt Ayestire. Macbeth did not start.

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GOING TO THE FAIR.

THE CLIMAX.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1888.

See ad. of Table talk.

Get your stock ready for the Fair.

Mr. A. R. Burman has lost a bunch of keys.

Mrs. Amanda Newby, of Bates Creek, committed suicide by hanging.

Mr. T. J. Curtis has sold to Mr. H. J. Bennett 16 yearling mules at \$25.00 per head.

The strawberry supper at Kirkville, Thursday night, yielded the Christian church at that place \$60 net.

The Richmond Fair will occur on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, August 14th, 15th and 16th. Ladies free first day.

Confederate Dead.

The President, Dr. Jennings, informed us that the Confederate Monument Association of Madison county, last week, disinterred the remains of fifty Confederate dead and removed them to a beautiful spot in the Richmond Cemetery. The society knows where there are remains of others by the Irvine turnpike near Drowning Creek; also near Kingston, which he warned the crowd to "keep their eyes peeled" or words to that effect. He did a great deal of talking, and kept on selling. Finally the crowd swelled to a gigantic size, giving the speaker about as fast as he could do it. The price was rapidly given for everything offered. It is not necessary to remark that they have not seen him since his departure for dinner. The chains were worth six cents a dozen, and the watches ten cents apiece.

Richmond Fair.

A new Fair Company has been organized and Madison county will have their annual exhibition of stock, etc., this summer. At the meeting, last Wednesday, Mr. J. B. Gresham was elected President, and Messrs. J. Brooks, T. S. Burman, Sam H. Stone, and J. Stone Walker, Vice Presidents. Messrs. R. R. Burman, Treasurer; E. B. Huie, assistant Treasurer; T. T. Covington, Secretary, and B. C. Potts, assistant Secretary. Messrs. C. D. Chenuau, W. R. Letch, T. S. Moberly, O. H. Cleaves, T. S. Arnold, J. W. Bates, S. A. Deaderick, John W. Fox, B. B. Miller, C. L. Seary, James W. Smith, J. S. Collins, S. B. White, Directors. The grounds will be put in good condition, and a liberal list of premiums offered.

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The President, Dr. Jennings, informed us that the Confederate Monument Association of Madison county, last week, disinterred the remains of fifty Confederate dead and removed them to a beautiful spot in the Richmond Cemetery. The society knows where there are remains of others by the Irvine turnpike near Drowning Creek; also near Kingston, which he warned the crowd to "keep their eyes peeled" or words to that effect. He did a great deal of talking, and kept on selling. Finally the crowd swelled to a gigantic size, giving the speaker about as fast as he could do it. The price was rapidly given for everything offered. It is not necessary to remark that they have not seen him since his departure for dinner. The chains were worth six cents a dozen, and the watches ten cents apiece.

E. I. Commencement.

The commencement exercises of Elliott Institute occurred in the Christian church, a beautiful building in the little town of Kirkville, in Madison county, ten miles from Richmond, on Thursday night the 7th inst. An immense gathering was present, not more than half the crowd being able to get inside the house.

The walls were profusely adorned with the products of the art class, and the numerous compliments bestowed must have made glad not only the pupils but the art teacher, Miss McCann, of Cincinnati. Miss Minnie Elliott, the music teacher, conducted the musical part of the programme, and displayed a thorough knowledge of the department. The programme was as hereunder set forth:

Mountain Land, Chorus by Class; "Just as Easy" March, Instrumental Duet; Miss Belle Bennett, "Response"; Mrs. A. L. Franklin, Report of Secretaries.

Friday—Discussion of Foreign Works; Saturday—Discussion of Home Work.

Sunday, 11 a. m.—Annual Sermon by Rev. Dr. W. L. Painter.

Sunday, 3 p. m.—Open Memorial Services.

C. U. Commencement.

The 14th annual commencement of Central University is in progress. The exercises have been varied and interesting, and will close to-day with the commencement proper.

The Baccalaureate Service was preached in the University chapel, Sunday morning, by Rev. Dr. Keady, of Cynthia. Rev. E. Forman, D. D., of the Presbyterian church, offered the service. President W. C. Williamson, of Madison Female Institute, read a chapter, which was followed with prayer by Rev. Dr. Henderson of the Methodist church. President J. V. Loosn, of the University, introduced Dr. Keady, who delivered a carefully prepared and appropriate address designed especially for the students. His text was 19th verse, 16th chapter of Acts. Prayer by Rev. Dr. Baldwin. After the service, the exercises were interspersed with excellent music by a select choir, Hallelujah Chorus, Chatternoose, The Presbyterian church, Chatternoose. The exercises were interspersed with excellent music by a select choir, Hallelujah Chorus, Chatternoose.

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NOTICE AND ORDER FOR CITY ELECTION.

ORDINANCE.
Ordered on motion and majority vote of the City Council of Richmond that an election of the qualified voters of the City of Richmond be held on Saturday, July 14th, 1858, at which election will be submitted the question of levying the bonds of the City of Richmond, by the City Council thereof, to pay off the existing indebtedness of said City, in pursuance to an act in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, approved April 18th, 1858. Title, "An Act authorizing the City of Richmond to issue bonds to pay off existing liabilities." Said entire act is made a part hereof and is as follows:

CHAPTER, II29.

An act to authorize the City of Richmond to issue bonds to pay off existing liabilities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, etc., etc.: That for the sole purpose of paying off the liabilities of the City of Richmond, now existing, the City Council may cause the bonds of said City to be issued for an amount exceeding two thousand dollars payable in the year of 1860 at such time not exceeding twelve years from date and bearing such rates of interest not exceeding six per cent per annum in semi-annual payment and in such denominations as said City Council may direct and to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of said bonds the City Treasurer shall set apart, at least one thousand dollars of each year's revenues which shall constitute a sinking Fund and by him paid and paid out exclusively on the bonds and interest as same mature. Said bonds shall be issued at a regular meeting of the City Council and such meeting shall be signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the City Clerk of said city.

Sec. 2. The City Treasurer of the City of Richmond shall act as Sinking Fund Commissioner under this act and as such shall execute and bond to the City of Richmond, in the sum of Twelve Thousand Dollars to be approved by the City Council for the faithful performance of his duties hereunder and which bond shall be added to the bond now required of him as City Treasurer and shall be by him executed at the time of his qualification as City Treasurer.

Sec. 3. The coupons on these bonds shall be receivable at all times in payment of City Taxes.

Sec. 4. The City Council of Richmond is hereby authorized and empowered to pass and enact such ordinances as may be necessary to fully carry out the provisions and intent of this act.

Sec. 5. If the City Council shall at any time fail to pay said bonds and interest when matured after demand made on the City Treasurer the holder may enforce the payment of same by suit in any court of competent jurisdiction in Madison county, provided that no bonds shall be issued under this act until the City Council of Richmond shall submit the question of the issuing of said bonds to a vote of the qualified voters of Richmond at an election to be held for such purpose at least thirty days public notice of said election to be given in the city papers of Richmond at which election the question shall be propounded to each voter "Are you for or against the issuing of City Bonds to pay off existing indebtedness?" If a majority of the votes cast shall be in favor of issuing the bonds then the City Council shall have power to do so as provided for in this act but not otherwise.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1858.

S. B. DICKNER,
By the Governor.
Geo. M. Adams,
Secretary of State.
HARVEY MYERS,
Pro tem Speaker of the House of Representatives.

J. W. BREWAN,
Speaker of the Senate
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, 1
Office of Secretary of State, 1
Geo. M. Adams, Secretary of State for the Commonwealth addressed, do hereby certify that the foregoing writing has been carefully compared by me with the original on file in this office, whereof it purports to be a copy, and that it is a true and exact copy of the same.

In testimony whereof, I do, this day sign my name to and cause my Official Seal to be affixed, Done at Frankfort, this 20th, day of April, A. D. 1858.

Geo. M. Adams,
Secretary of State,
Assistant Secretary of State.

At which aforesaid election polls shall be opened in each Ward of the City at the polling places, hereinafter named, between the hours of seven (7) o'clock in the morning and six (6) o'clock in the evening, as follows:

1st Ward at Pugh's stable lot,
2d " Susan Mackey's,
3d " Barlow's old mill,
4th " Court House.

The following are appointed as officers of said election:

1st Ward—Judges, Wm. C. Gormley, M. D. Wainscott; Clerk, T. E. Burnham; Sheriff, T. E. Arnold.

2d Ward—Judges, C. Hulney, H. C. Hargie; Clerk, Bland Blair; Sheriff, Jno. Bush.

3d Ward—Judges, W. B. White, David O'Neal; Clerk, Isaac McCollum; Sheriff, R. F. Baxter.

4th Ward—Judges, W. H. Smith, Sr. A. J. Mershon; Clerk, E. B. Wal-

lace; Sheriff, Dennis McQueeny.

Who shall be governed in all matters pertaining to said election as provided in the City Charter of Richmond for City Elections as well as the restrictions and limitations of the aforesaid act.

And it is further ordered that this entire Order and Act be published in THE CLIMAX and Kentucky Register, the only newspapers published in the City of Richmond, from date of their first issue after passage of this ordinance until after the election held hereunder.

We undersigned Major and City Clerk of the City of Richmond, do certify that the foregoing Ordinance was duly acted upon and passed by the City Council of the City of Richmond on June 1st, 1858, the year and day taken thereon and recorded in the Journal and was declared adopted and ordered printed in THE CLIMAX and Kentucky Register, newspapers as above stated which is hereby accordingly done. As witness our hands this June 1st, 1858.

J. W. CAPERTON,
Major Pro Tem.

WM. G. WHITE,
City Clerk.

In pursuance to the power in me

vested as Police Judge of the City of Richmond, and requirement of the City Charter to publish notice of and appoint officers for every City Election, I hereby accordingly notify all qualified electors of said City that an election is to be held on the 14th of July next, to be foregoed Notice and Ordinance will be held in each Ward of the City of Richmond, July 14th, 1858, between the hours of 7 o'clock in the morning and 6 o'clock in the evening, in pursuance to an act in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, approved April 18th, 1858. Title, "An Act authorizing the City of Richmond to issue bonds to pay off existing liabilities." Said entire act is made a part hereof and is as follows:

CHAPTER, II29.

An act to authorize the City of Richmond to issue bonds to pay off existing liabilities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, etc., etc.: That for the sole purpose of paying off the liabilities of the City of Richmond, now existing, the City Council may cause the bonds of said City to be issued for an amount exceeding two thousand dollars payable in the year of 1860 at such time not exceeding twelve years from date and bearing such rates of interest not exceeding six per cent per annum in semi-annual payment and in such denominations as said City Council may direct and to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of said bonds the City Treasurer shall set apart, at least one thousand dollars of each year's revenues which shall constitute a sinking Fund and by him paid and paid out exclusively on the bonds and interest as same mature. Said bonds shall be issued at a regular meeting of the City Council and such meeting shall be signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the City Clerk of said city.

Sec. 2. The City Treasurer of the City of Richmond shall act as Sinking Fund Commissioner under this act and as such shall execute and bond to the City of Richmond, in the sum of

Twelve Thousand Dollars to be approved by the City Council for the faithful performance of his duties hereunder and which bond shall be added to the bond now required of him as City Treasurer and shall be by him executed at the time of his qualification as City Treasurer.

Sec. 3. The coupons on these bonds shall be receivable at all times in payment of City Taxes.

Sec. 4. The City Council of Richmond is hereby authorized and empowered to pass and enact such ordinances as may be necessary to fully carry out the provisions and intent of this act.

Sec. 5. If the City Council shall at any time fail to pay said bonds and interest when matured after demand made on the City Treasurer the holder may enforce the payment of same by suit in any court of competent jurisdiction in Madison county, provided that no bonds shall be issued under this act until the City Council of Richmond shall submit the question of the issuing of said bonds to a vote of the qualified voters of Richmond at an election to be held for such purpose at least thirty days public notice of said election to be given in the city papers of Richmond at which election the question shall be propounded to each voter "Are you for or against the issuing of City Bonds to pay off existing indebtedness?" If a majority of the votes cast shall be in favor of issuing the bonds then the City Council shall have power to do so as provided for in this act but not otherwise.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1858.

S. B. DICKNER,
By the Governor.
Geo. M. Adams,
Secretary of State.
HARVEY MYERS,
Pro tem Speaker of the House of Representa-

tives.

J. W. BREWAN,
Speaker of the Senate
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, 1
Office of Secretary of State, 1
Geo. M. Adams, Secretary of State for the Commonwealth addressed, do hereby certify that the foregoing writing has been carefully compared by me with the original on file in this office, whereof it purports to be a copy, and that it is a true and exact copy of the same.

In testimony whereof, I do, this day sign my name to and cause my Official Seal to be affixed, Done at Frankfort, this 20th, day of April, A. D. 1858.

Geo. M. Adams,
Secretary of State,
Assistant Secretary of State.

At which aforesaid election polls shall be opened in each Ward of the City at the polling places, hereinafter named, between the hours of seven (7) o'clock in the morning and six (6) o'clock in the evening, as follows:

1st Ward at Pugh's stable lot,
2d " Susan Mackey's,
3d " Barlow's old mill,
4th " Court House.

The following are appointed as officers of said election:

1st Ward—Judges, Wm. C. Gormley, M. D. Wainscott; Clerk, T. E. Burnham; Sheriff, T. E. Arnold.

2d Ward—Judges, C. Hulney, H. C. Hargie; Clerk, Bland Blair; Sheriff, Jno. Bush.

3d Ward—Judges, W. B. White, David O'Neal; Clerk, Isaac McCollum; Sheriff, R. F. Baxter.

4th Ward—Judges, W. H. Smith, Sr. A. J. Mershon; Clerk, E. B. Wal-

lace; Sheriff, Dennis McQueeny.

Who shall be governed in all matters pertaining to said election as provided in the City Charter of Richmond for City Elections as well as the restrictions and limitations of the aforesaid act.

And it is further ordered that this entire Order and Act be published in THE CLIMAX and Kentucky Register, the only newspaper published in the City of Richmond, from date of their first issue after passage of this ordinance until after the election held hereunder.

We undersigned Major and City Clerk of the City of Richmond, do certify that the foregoing Ordinance was duly acted upon and passed by the City Council of the City of Richmond on June 1st, 1858, the year and day taken thereon and recorded in the Journal and was declared adopted and ordered printed in THE CLIMAX and Kentucky Register, newspapers as above stated which is hereby accordingly done. As witness our hands this June 1st, 1858.

J. W. CAPERTON,
Major Pro Tem.

WM. G. WHITE,
City Clerk.

In pursuance to the power in me

vested as Police Judge of the City of Richmond, and requirement of the City Charter to publish notice of and appoint officers for every City Election, I hereby accordingly notify all qualified electors of said City that an election is to be held on the 14th of July next, to be foregoed Notice and Ordinance will be held in each Ward of the City of Richmond, July 14th, 1858, between the hours of 7 o'clock in the morning and 6 o'clock in the evening, in pursuance to an act in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, approved April 18th, 1858. Title, "An Act authorizing the City of Richmond to issue bonds to pay off existing liabilities." Said entire act is made a part hereof and is as follows:

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Fred hawk, a trampy convict at the Penitentiary, was beaten by a mad dog Tuesday. On Hawk's head was a large cut, and he broke his neck.

The large factory of the Wallingford, Conn., Wool Company was struck by lightning during a thunder storm and totally destroyed by fire. Loss, \$60,000.

James S. Greenade, arrived here Wednesday night from Jefferson City, Mo., where he had been serving a term in the State prison, having been convicted of complicity in robbing the mail in Bates county, Mo., and on Tuesday the Governor pardoned him. —Mt. Sterling Sentinel—Democrat.

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